

The Gem Freezer

IT IS SO ARRANGED THAT THE

Least Amount
of Ice
Is Required
in
FreezingRecommended
with
Confidence as the
Best
Freezer.

As fly time draws near you must protect yourselves from flies and mosquitos. The easiest way to do this is to put

Screen . Doors . and . Windows

on your houses. We have these in stock.

REFRIGERATORS, LAWN MOWERS, SCYTHES AND SNATHS,

And all seasonable goods can be found in our store.

JOHN HUNTRESS has charge of our Tin Shop, and we solicit your patronage.
F. M. FINCH,
13 North Main Street, Janesville, Wis.

Rats, You Say!

When some merchants tells you he is selling

Gold Dollars For Ninety Cents,

WE ARE NOT DOING THAT, BUT WE ARE SELLING

WOVEN SKIRTS for summer wear (40 inches long and 90 inches wide

At 35 cents.

PRINTED PONGEES (as fine as silk) beautiful design 18 cents per yard.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS (tape bound, 3 yards long) 65 cents a pair

WHITE INDIA LINON, excellent value, At 12 1-2 cents a yard

BLACK INDIA LINON, positively fast color, 15 cents a yard

42-INCH ALL WOOL SERGES in new shades, 50 cents a yard

A BARGAIN. ESPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE:

Gauze, Feather and Satin Fans,

Parasols and Umbrellas,

Infants' Cloaks and Bonnets,

Flouncings and Dress Nets.

ARCHIE REID.

Leading and Largest Millinery Department.

SEWERS ARE COMING.

Until further notice we will sell vitrified Sewer Pipe such as now used by the city as follows

3-inch pipe.... 4 cents per foot.
4-inch pipe.... 5 cents per foot.
6-inch pipe.... 7 1/2 cents per foot.
8-inch pipe.... 11 cents per foot.10-inch pipe.... 16 1/2 cents per foot.
12-inch pipe.... 20 1/2 cents per foot.
16-inch pipe.... 35 cents per foot.
18-inch pipe.... 43 1/2 cents per foot.

Sewer Pipe Fittings Also at Cost.

Gas Stoves

AT COST.

And will be set up free of charge, when not to exceed thirty feet of pipe is required.

H. E. MERRILL,
6 North Main St.
Gas Burners FREE of cost.

LOTS IN FOREST PARK.

Finest Building Sites in the City!

at reasonable prices on favorable terms. City water main through the property. Inquire of

I. C. BROWNELL.

THE Best Values Yet!

Mean still lower prices for new, desirable

Dry Goods.

It means another bid to add new customers to the many we have.

SPRING VALUES.

100 pieces extra fine quality 30-inch Sateens, and colorings all new, at a yard, worth 15 cents. 61-4c

Do not confound these with the cheap, coarse stuff that is being offered at a low price. Our Sateens have a beautiful finish and the quality is extra fine.

25 pieces Apron Check Ginghams at..... 5c
a yard, worth 8 cents1 case Ladies' Sea Island Cotton Jersey Vests at..... 10c
each; worth 15 cents.1 case Ladies' low neck, short sleeve Lisle Jersey Vests at..... 15c
worth 25 cents.2 cases Ladies' Lisle Jersey Vests at..... 25c
worth 40 cents

The Best 25 cent All Silk Mitt in the city.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

ARE YOU AFTER THAT



Great Big Dollar?

Largest Stock, Lowest Prices, on Builders' Hardware, Furnaces, Stoves, Ranges, Ice Cream Freezers, Refrigerators, Screen Doors, Barb Wire, &c.

THE BEST TIN SHOP IN THE STATE.

THE PROPRIETOR NEVER SLEEPS.

Telephone No. 18.

E. W. LOWELL.

FRIDAY

AND

SATURDAY,

JUNE 5TH AND 6TH,

ARE THE DATES

FOR

OUR SECOND

GREAT RIBBON SALE.

AT THESE SALES WE OFFER ONLY

ALL SILK RIBBONS

AND THE PRICES ARE SURE TO PLEASE.

OUR

SPECIAL RIBBON SALE

of last month is sufficient guarantee that we mean just what we say. Don't forget the date June 5th and 6th. We will also show at this time. A superb line of Aprons, and Fast Black Hosiery, at greatly reduced prices. You will find it much to your advantage to keep this sale in mind.

SPOON & SNYDER.

61 West Milwaukee Street.

A HARVEST OF MONEY!

No plowing. No grubbing. Simply harvesting and that without labor. Where are these wondrous fields? Read a little further and learn.

REWARD TO ANY PERSON who can show that they did not make 100 per cent. in one year on Chicago real estate bought from me. Buy my lots located right in the center of the great city of Chicago. On the South side, West side, South west side and North west side. I have 250 lots in all which I will close out at \$200 below market price in the next four weeks. Lot from \$25.00 and upwards. Keep the Golden Harvest. The World's Fair will do the cultivating.

ADOLPH J. SABATH, 77-79 S. Clark St. Chicago, Ill.

All letters promptly answered

HOW TO GROW BEETS

A Nebraska Sugar Maker Gives Points to Rock County Farmers

RICH SOIL AND MUCH SUN NEEDED.

With Care and Perseverance There Need Be No Reason Why Rock County's Revenue Should Not be Much Increased by Sugar Making.

A. B. Barrett of Rockton, Nebraska, is in the city renewing Janesville acquaintances. He was a resident of the county for several years, removing to Nebraska in 1879.

Mr. Barrett has made a careful study of sugar beet raising, having been a practical beet raiser as well as owning a small portion of stock in the big sugar mill that was established in Grand Falls, Neb. He insists that were the work pushed intelligently and perseveringly beet culture would add considerably to Rock county's revenue. Said he to a Gazette reporter:

Money in Rock County Beets.

"Many have become skeptical about the profits of this crop, and the feasibility of attempting to raise the beets for purposes of sugar making, owing to the fact that a number of large and small factories established for the purpose of producing sugar, have failed in this country. Notwithstanding these facts, sugar making from beets under the new condition of things, with a bounty paid upon sugar, and with improved machinery for manufacturing it, is rapidly increasing, and such favorable reports are coming in that great promises are made for the future of this industry. Must Be a Change in Method.

"Present methods of growing the beets, however, must be improved upon. In growing beets for sugar making the main purpose should be kept constantly in view—the high production of sugar in the beets. Size of the beets do not always count, for many of the smaller ones produce more sugar than the large beets. "One of the chief essentials to growing good sugar beets is a rich, mellow, loamy soil and another is an abundance of clear water and sunshine. Where both of these can be had, beet sugar culture can be made profitable, and most of the analysis of beets show that those which are deficient in sugar making qualities are those that have not been grown on this kind of soil, or those which have had to contend against a cold, wet climate.

Soil Must be Well Stirred.

"The loamy, well-drained soil should be mellowed carefully before the beet seeds are put in, and medium applications of well-decomposed manure should be made. Too much manure is not beneficial, but it should be well rotted and ready for assimilation. Stirring the soil thoroughly in preparing the seed bed is very essential, so that the warmth can get down to the roots of the beets. The soil should be free of weeds, and a rotation of crops will often accomplish the purpose better than anything else. Such crops as corn, clover, alfalfa, and timothy can be kept strictly clean of weeds. The cultivation then should be attended to promptly, first weeding them with the hand wheel and afterward by the hand. This is the best method yet experimented with, but probably later horse machinery will come into vogue for cultivating the beets."

Must Cultivate by Hand.

"The seed should be sown with the ordinary garden seed drill, which will sow them quickly. The rows should be about eighteen inches apart, which will make about fifteen to twenty pounds of seed to the acre. When the beets are put up thoroughly all of the small ones should be pulled out, leaving about one plant every five or six inches apart in the row. When kept this distance apart the beets weigh about a pound each, but they contain a full share of the rich sugar qualities. The object of sowing thickly is to get the right kind of beet plants, and plenty of them. Some may be transplanted if desired. The cultivation then should be attended to promptly, first weeding them with the hand wheel and afterward by the hand. This is the best method yet experimented with, but probably later horse machinery will come into vogue for cultivating the beets."

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TIN MADE AT HOME.

The Stories of the Milwaukee Journal Effectually Disproved.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—Free trade papers have been endeavoring recently to cast aspersions on the tin plate industry of the country, and Philadelphia in particular, which have been started everywhere as a result of the additional duty fixed by the McKinley bill on imported roofing tin. The sallies have been directly mainly against the N. & G. Taylor Company, which began to manufacture tin plate some weeks ago.

It is claimed upon an alleged investigation that the N. & G. Taylor Company did not have any tin plate works, nor could the firm furnish any American tin plate. A further assertion was made that the company was making boasts of turning out as good tin plate as could be purchased across the water, in order to bring trade for their imported material, and also correspondence which they could not otherwise procure. In speaking of this report, the Philadelphia Press says: "The Press, yesterday, took occasion to investigate these reports. A visit was made to the works, at Front and Laurel streets. A gang of workers were seen busily engaged in the manufacture of tin plate and the thoughts of probable illusion were speedily dispelled. The factory is a long, low brick building. Along the east side of the big open room—marked black sheet iron. Adjacent to them were other piles of tin plates in boxes and ready for packing. At the southern end of the building was a huge brick furnace with six fires. Above the furnace was a large iron protector, placed there to carry off the fumes of the palm oil. Near by was the machinery used for stamping the sheets. Along the west wall was the 'picking' paraphernalia. Two hours of investigation produced a conviction beyond all doubt that tin plate, as fine as any of European make, was certainly being manufactured, and in large quantities. The brand of tin that the company is making is the Taylor 'Old Style' brand, and the impression stamped on every sheet shows the brand, thickness, trade-mark and name. Experts say the tin is superior to the best of the same weight that can be imported."

USED THE BANKS' FUNDS.

The National City Bank of Marshall, Mich., Closed by a \$38,000 Defalcation.

MARSHALL, Mich., June 4.—The bank closed on account of the defalcation of E. J. Kirby, assistant cashier. The inscription hanging to the National city bank, and it is officially signed by J. R. Bentley, cashier. The shortage in the assistant cashier's accounts is estimated at from \$20,000 to \$30,000. The bank examined was working over the accounts nearly all last week, and the directors decided to close the bank. The defalcation is said to have been caused by the fact that Kirby lost money in speculation. He is said to be in Schuylkill, but his family does not know where he is. Kirby told his wife Friday night that the money he had sunk in wheat speculation up to three months ago was his own. Since that he had lost \$41,000, mostly from the bank's reserve fund. Kirby is a relative of Bentley, the cashier, who owns the controlling stock. His uncle, George and Joseph Bentley, are on his bond for \$200,000. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, a Sunday-school teacher, an active member of the Christian Endeavor society and a prominent young man. The bank will resume business in a few days, prepared to pay depositors every dollar.

SCHWEINFURTH'S TROUBLES.

The Rockford Pretender Given a Warm Reception at Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 4.—Two hundred men and boys threw stones at the branch heaven here Wednesday. When Mrs. Ward, keeper of the place and archangel to Schweinfurth, made her appearance the stones came so dangerously near her that she beat a hasty retreat. Then the self-styled "Christ" came out and tried to calm the multitude by pouring oratorical oil on the troubled visitors, but they would not be calmed. The stones pelted merrily against the brick wall and dangerously near to Schweinfurth's head, but he remained on the porch and talked. Then a young man ran up the iron stairway and going to the unawed Rockford man kicked him sharply on the shin. The pretender gave a human yell of pain and ran indoors. One of the followers got out of a back door and went to a telephone and called for police protection. Ten minutes later a patrol wagon rolled up with half a dozen blue coats, and with a farewells pelt of rocks the mob dispersed. The police made no arrests, but a guard was maintained for the remainder of the night. Schweinfurth declares that he shall remain here for months if he wishes.

POLITICS IN IOWA.

The State Convention of the People's Party Names a Full Ticket.

Des Moines, Ia., June 4.—There were 427 delegates in the people's state convention Wednesday. The following ticket was nominated: For governor, A. J. Westfall, Woodbury county; lieutenant governor, Walter Scott, Appanoose; superintendent of public instruction, Prof. C. W. Bean, Buena Vista; railway commissioner, D. F. Rogers, Dallas; judge supreme court, T. F. Willis, Page.

The platform adopted ratifies the action of the Cincinnati conference; condemns the action of the Iowa executive council for refusing to increase railway assessments; demands Australian ballot; sympathizes with the miners in their struggle for an eight-hour day; favors a uniform school book system for the state; books to be furnished at cost to pupils; censures democratic and republican parties for constant efforts to reopen the temperance question to the exclusion of economic questions which now confront the people; favors a judicious service pension law and favors state legislation directed at the ultimate suppression of all private corporations. A resolution separate from platform approving reasonable state appropriation for the world's fair was also adopted.

Harkins weeps real tears on the stage.

"Yes, and on hot nights he has real perspiration on his forehead."—Puck.

HOSTS WILL BE HERE

The Grand Lodge Meeting an Important One.

THE TOWN LIKELY TO OVERFLOW.

Every Visitor Should Be Made a Boomer Before He Leaves—Local Odd Fellows Already Discussing Plans For the Big Gathering in 1892

Janesville people, and especially members of the two Odd Fellows lodges, were highly pleased last evening when they read in The Gazette that the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows would meet here the first week in June, 1892. The Wisconsin Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows is not only a large body of men but it is a large body of representative and intelligent men, coming from every city and hamlet in the state. It is one of the most important society bodies in the state, and the assembling of such a body in this city will be of importance, not only to the Odd Fellows but to citizens in general.

Much Work For Local Lodges.

The local lodges will have all they can do to make arrangements for the accommodation of this body, and in this line they should be seconded and aided by the people generally. The courthouse will undoubtedly be the place of meeting, as that building is admirably adapted for such work, although the court-room may be overtaxed to seat the representatives. Local committees will be selected in due time to act with the grand lodge officers in providing accommodations. The coming of the grand body will boom the local lodges as they were never boomed before, and from this time forward they will have plenty of work to keep them busy.

Officers Named For the Year.

At yesterday's session of the grand lodge the officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: Grand Master, Harry E. Dickinson, Milwaukee; Deputy Grand Master, Fred M. Griswold, Lake Mills; Grand Warden, J. L. Jorgensen, Green Bay; Grand Secretary, Richard Hoe, Jefferson; Grand Treasurer, David Adler, Milwaukee; Grand Chaplain, W. J. Fisher, Horton; Grand Representative, H. E. Huxley. W. J. Fisher was elected superintendent of insurance agencies, and David Adler of Milwaukee, John H. Vivian of Mineral Point, and L. H. Mead of Shell Lake, insurance directors.

Officers of Wisconsin Lodge.

Wisconsin Lodge No. 14, held a regular meeting last evening at Odd Fellows' hall, at which the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Noble Grand—Clinton D. Child. Vice Grand—C. B. Barnard. Recording Secretary—E. Dolby. Treasurer—W. H. Blair.

STEAM'S FATAL WORK.

Terrible Boiler Explosion, in Which Five Men Are Killed and Others Injured.

BEDFORD, Ind., June 4.—A sawmill boiler located a mile west of here exploded Wednesday morning, killing two men instantly, and fatally injuring three others, who have since died. The mill was owned by John and Joe Dussard, of this place, and is a total loss. Nothing is left of the engine and boiler. Part of it lays a quarter of a mile away from where the mill stood. The killed are: Doe Kern; Edward Dussard, son of one of the proprietors; James Perkins; Granger Evans, all of Fayetteville, and George Hayden, of Swils City, Ind. Every stitch of clothing was stripped off two of the killed. The engine and boiler were old ones, but all claim there was plenty of water in the boiler when it exploded. The loss is estimated at \$2,000.

MICHIGAN.

The House Votes an Appropriation of \$125,000 for the World's Fair.

LANSING, Mich., June 4.—The house on Wednesday passed a bill appropriating \$125,000 for the state exhibit at the world's fair. The committee of the whole agreed to \$150,000, but the house did not concur. It is possible that the amount may be increased in the senate. A committee was appointed to investigate the charges of bribery against Representatives Doyle and Munthe, of the upper peninsula. The house passed a bill providing for an entire change in the system of control of schools. It provides for the election of one commissioner of schools by the people, and two assistants by the board of supervisors in each county, the three to constitute a board of examiners. The senate passed a bill appropriating \$12,000 for establishing employment bureaus at Detroit, Grand Rapids, Saginaw, Kalamazoo, Marquette, Sault Ste. Marie, St. Joseph and Ishpeming.

Wisconsin Fair Commissioners.

MADISON, Wis., June 4.—Gov. Peck has designated the world's fair commissioners under state law as follows: John Winnans, Janesville; August Ledyard Smith, Appleton; Hugh H. Price, Black River Falls; Harry Sanderson, Milwaukee; William Rohr, Manitowish; John H. Savage, Shullsburg; Charles W. Graves, Viroqua.

Three Men Killed.

CHICAGO, June 4.—A brace supporting a side of an old frame house at No. 161 West Jackson street snapped in two Wednesday afternoon and the building fell in ruins, crushing to death John Cahill, William Schwartz and George Schwartz and injuring August Schwartz and John Shinn.

Flames in a Distillery.

CHICAGO, June 4.—A fire in Schnitzfeld's distillery did damage to the amount of \$75,000. The origin of the fire is believed to have been accidental. Three men were badly burned.

Minister (on Sunday) to Tommy, who is about to go a-fishing)—Why are you digging worms to-day, my son?

Tommy—Cause yer can't get many 'bout yer do dig.—Boston Herald

Wool: Do you know anything about the doctrine of election? Van Felt: Only in a general way—vote early and often.—New York Herald.

"But why did he kick me?" asked the man who had just left the editor's room. "I never wrote an article for him before."—New York Recorder.

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

Terms of Subscription.

Daily edition, one year, \$6.00.
Parts of a year, per month, \$1.00.
Weekly edition, one year, \$1.50.
Special Advertising Notice.
We charge full rates for cards of thanks, obituary poems, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.
We published free marriages, death and obituary notices, without poetry; also notices of church and society meetings.
We publish at half rates church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue.

TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES

1758—George, son of Edward, Prince of Wales, born; his father dying prince he succeeded his grandfather as George III.
1768—Lord Edward Fitzgerald, Irish patriot, died in Dublin of wounds inflicted when he was captured May 19.
1828—Marshal Davoust died; born 1770 he was lieutenant at 15, brigadier general at 24, major general at 30 and marshal at 34; he made the final surrender of Paris July 4, 1815.
1829—Battle of Magenta (Franco-Italian war).
1871—Telegraphic connection with China completed.
1880—Governor Hill signed the bill abolishing hanging in New York; beginning of a long judicial contest over electrocution; opening of the Irish Exhibition in London.

ALL WANT A PLACE ON THE BOARD

It is said that full thirty democrats have been promised places on the new state board of control. As there are only five places to fill, it is evident there will be more democratic sore heads in the state before long. According to well founded stories the complications concerning the new board were brought on in this way:

The bosses found it necessary to carry out at least one of the recommendations of the governor in order that his advice should not appear to be wholly ignored by the legislature. It was soon discovered that to abolish the farm institute, the dairy and food commission, the office of state veterinarian and several other institutions in which the farmers were especially interested, would not do.

But when it came to the board of supervision and the board of charities, politicians rubbed their hands. To abolish the two old boards and to appoint a new board of increased membership would open the way for just so many aspiring place hunters. And then it sounded like retrenchment.

This last blind was not enough to insure support, however, and the promise-making began. Promises were cheap, and before long every member of the legislature had been convinced that his particular friend should sit in a soft place in this newly constructed board. It appears that there have been many more promises given out than there are places to be filled, and consequently there is a great clashing of individual and official and boss interests in the creation of the new body. There may be more of a clash before the board is finally ready for work.

LIKELY TO BE BISHOP BROOKS.

Wisconsin has voted to the contrary, but it is now almost certain that Dr. Phillips Brooks will be elected bishop of Massachusetts. Fifty-two dioceses have given their consent, they being New York, Albany, Rhode Island, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, West Missouri, Southern Ohio, Nebraska, Tennessee, Indiana, Missouri, West Virginia, Central Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Michigan, Minnesota, Connecticut, Maryland, Long Island, Ohio and Kentucky. Seven dioceses have either refused to give their consent or have failed to take any action, which amounts to the same thing. They are besides the Wisconsin diocese, Newark, Iowa, Western New York, Chicago, Maine, Mississippi. This leaves twenty-three dioceses yet to be heard from, of which Dr. Brooks needs only seven to insure his confirmation, and, judging by the way the vote has already gone, there is little doubt that he will get the consent of much more than a majority of all the dioceses. The bishops must then act on his election, the assent of a majority being required. Some doubts have been expressed as to how the bishops will vote. But it is not likely that enough will oppose the election to defeat it. They will hesitate to put themselves on record as opposing the expressed will of a majority of dioceses, merely because they do not agree with some things that Dr. Brooks has said and done.

DID LITTLE FOR BALLOT REFORM.

Delaware is one of the latest states to enact a ballot reform law. The significance of the reform law lies in the fact that it should have been enacted in a hopelessly democratic state. The principle of the Bayards and the Sanburies has heretofore resented innovations of all kinds.
The enactment of a ballot reform law in Delaware is a welcome evidence of political awakening in unlooked for quarters. But it is decidedly impudent for bourgeois organs to accompany the announcement with the assertion that ballot reform is the exclusive property of the democratic party. The absurdity of this claim lies in the fact that very few democratic states voluntarily enacted a ballot reform law. In the six instances where democratic legislatures enacted such laws, they were forced to it by a public sentiment that could not safely be ignored, and in every case the essential principles of reform were curtailed and all but destroyed.

The Dane county board of supervisors ought to study the proceedings of Rock county's board. Here the supervisors hold three sessions a year, seldom four, and it is a very heavy rain that keeps the members in the court house more than three days. Dane county's board defeated a resolution cutting down the maximum time for which members could receive pay from twenty to fifteen days.

The staunch, unflinching facts of history prove conclusively that no oath-bound secret political organization can continue long to influence the government of a free people.

Albert Edward seems to have dealt a square game at least. It is clear that he was fair, for both sides called him

into court to tell what he knew about Sir William Gordon Cumming's cheating in the game in which the prince held the bank.

POINTS ABOUT BADGERITES.

Governor Peck first knew D. L. Harkness when Peck was a printer at Ripon and Harkness was a railroad superintendent.

William Crager, of Augusta, has been made totally blind by grip.

The widow of G. P. R. James, the once-popular novelist, is very sick at her home in Berlin, Wis.

SOME WELL KNOWN FACES.

England's Chief Justice.



LORD COLERIDGE.

Lord Chief Justice Coleridge has become an object of increased interest since the political reformers have declared that he is to be the last judge to wear the antique and solemn robes—"the funeral dress adopted when Queen Anne died." He does look awfully solemn in his robes, but if the radicals get their will English judges will hereafter dress very much like other people.

ON DITS ABOUT WOMEN.

Miss Alice Longfellow, our poet's daughter, is said to be the best amateur photographer in America.

Lady Anne Blount, a grand-daughter of Lord Byron, accompanied by her husband and little daughter, has pitched her tent on the borders of the Egyptian Desert, adopting the dress and customs of the Arabs.

Mlle. Mulet, a French lady living at Angiers, in conjunction with a very clever blind young lady from the blind asylum in Paris, has invented a new method of writing for the blind which will make it possible not only for themselves, but for seeing people to read their letters.

Have any of our readers ever heard the old-fashioned song, "I'll hang my harp on a willow tree"? It was written when Victoria married Albert, by Lord Biphington, who was the object of Victoria's earliest affections. Both of them had to resign themselves to the inevitable, however, and they parted with tears. He was sent to India. The Queen of England watched his career with deep interest and he ultimately became Governor-General of India.

Gallantry is not specially attributed to medical men, but recently a Parisian doctor has rendered himself famous by a singular act. He was called to attend a very popular actress who had injured her face dreadfully through a carriage accident. The gallant *docteur* saw that the only way in which he could cure the bruises and still preserve the lady's beauty, was to repair the features of the patient with a piece of human skin, which he generously and promptly supplied himself.

The death of the Countess de Marcy, Argentine, which recently took place in St. Petersburg, reminds one of the days when her radiant beauty created such a sensation at the court of Napoleon III. Madame was not only a beauty, but a thoroughly educated woman and a fine musician. Her appearances at Compiègne, or North in some tableaux vivants, in the time of the last Napoleon, caused quite a furor; her bright eyes outshining her jewels, and her golden hair falling in thick masses at her feet.

WHAT NOT TO WEAR.

A perceptible bustle.
Silk gowns while shopping.
Nile green if a fallow blonde.
Diamond earrings during the day.
Hair-lace stripes if tall and slender.
Slightly V cut gowns on the street.
Morning wrappers in the afternoon.
Pale gray if a colorless complexion.
Veils with dots coming over the eyes.
Street costumes to touch the ground.
Light-colored kid gloves on large hands.
A very short basque on a dumpy figure.
Corsets too short-waisted for the figure.
Evening bonnets with street costumes.
Border veils, unless worn below the mouth.
Yellowish brown or tan if a fallow brunette.
Flat neck fold if possessed of a long or thin throat.
A cotton lining under the silk lining of a lace bodice.
Knee pink if an autumn-hair, frock style of a beauty.
Large checks, plaids or wide stripes, if short and stout.
Low-necked gowns, if thin. Have pity on those around.

Colored hose with black Oxford ties with spring costumes.
Turquoise or mauve, unless blessed with a perfect complexion.
Large flowered patterns, if under the category of "a little woman."
Jewelry with a street costume, except of the plainest description.
Cheap jewelry at any time, especially with handsome dress materials.
Sleeve frills with tailor gowns or linen collars with dress woolen costumes.
Short-fingered kid gloves, under the impression that they make the hands look small.
The DOMESTIC DOCTOR.

Try a bandage of hot salt water on the face for neuralgia; fill the mouth with hot salt in case of toothache; put a little hot salt in a piece of muslin and then put it on the ear for a second or two when earache is troublesome.
The sick room should be kept warm, light, airy, clean and quiet. The temperature should be about 70 deg. F. In a room with draughts and capillary heat it may be 50 deg. F., with a moist air. Fresh air is as important as fresh food—keep the room well ventilated. Open the window at the top.

Woe! Woe! Unutterable Woe.

Why endure it daily, nightly, we had well nigh said, hourly. They do who are tortured by chronic rheumatism. The remedy, however, pure, safe and prompt is at hand. Were the evidence in behalf of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters collated, it would be found to team with well authenticated proofs that the medicine is both a preventive and a remedy in this malady of varying agonies and ever present danger. To forestall its chronic stage is the dictate of prudence. Renounce dangerous medication. Far more effective, more certain, more permanent in the beneficent consequences is the use of the Bitters. Experience endorses, the recommendations sanction its use. Begin early, use with persistence, and expect relief. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters relieves constipation, biliousness, kidney ailments, dyspepsia and malarial trouble.

TEMPERING STEEL.

Pale Yellow for Razors and Dark Blue for Saws the Proper Colors.

Steel has been defined as any kind of iron which, when heated to redness and suddenly plunged into cold water, becomes hard; and every kind of malleable or flexible iron can be hardened by that process is steel. But this definition is not applicable to the steel of mild quality now made for many mechanical uses, says the Mechanical News. One of the requisites for mild steel is that it will not harden after being heated to a cherry red and plunged into water. To include all the kinds of steel now used in the agricultural and mechanical industries, the better definition of steel will be, a malleable iron combined with a percentage of carbon. Chemically considered, steel occupies a half-way position between wrought and cast iron, wrought iron being simply iron almost entirely free from carbon, while steel that is to be tempered contains one to one and one-half per cent. of carbon.

The reason why this very slight change in the chemical construction should produce such wonderful results in the properties of iron and steel is as yet an unsolved mystery. We know that a bar of iron converted into steel becomes more granular or open, and while it loses to some extent its toughness, it gains, instead, elasticity, greater strength and closeness of fiber.

Blister steel is made by heating bars of iron packed in charcoal in a furnace for a period of from six to ten days. When the metal is withdrawn the bars are found to be of crystalline texture, and have a blistered surface—hence the name. Cast steel was formerly made of blister steel broken into fragments, melted in crucibles and cast into ingots; but the modern practice is to charge the crucibles with pieces of good Swedish iron, and add charcoal, adding charcoal and black oxide of manganese. The heat of the furnace soon seals the lid of the crucible, and the melting iron absorbs carbon from the fumes of the charcoal, thus shortening the tedious process of making "blister" bar. The steel is rolled or hammered from the ingot into any desired bar, sheet or plate.

The chief characteristic of steel consists in its capability of being hardened and tempered, and when exposed to heat it takes on in succession the following colors:

1. A pale yellow, which indicates a proper temper for lancets or small cutters that require the finest edge, with but little strength of metal.
2. A pale yellow, which indicates the temper for razors and surgical instruments.
3. Full yellow, for penknives, etc., with increased toughness.
4. Brown, with purple spots—that being for axes and carpenter's tools.
5. Bright blue, for swords and watch-springs.
6. Full blue, for fine saws, daggers, etc.
7. Dark blue, for large saws or instruments that may be sharpened with a file.

The above colors are based on steel suitable for the requirements. A piece of steel suitable for razors, lancets, etc., would not take the color indicated for large saws, as that quality of steel is but little above the "blister" quality. The finer steel is the less heat it will temper at, requiring a lower color of temper. Recently there have been some valuable discoveries in tempering, welding and restoring steel, both from burnt or a low grade.

GUNNING DEER HUNTERS.

How the South American Indians provide themselves with Venison.
The manner in which the South American Indians hunt deer in the Cordilleras is very interesting and somewhat ingenious. They first ascertain the locality in which the animals congregate to graze, and then the men, women and children of the tribe make extensive preparations to hunt in the herd. In order to cause a stampede they blow horns, yell and make other bewildering and outlandish noises. As a natural consequence the frightened deer quit their grazing places. They form in line in regular marching order, the elder males leading the way followed by the females and young, while the rear of the column is brought up by the young bucks, who act as protectors to the centers.

The Indians now close in upon them, seeing which the animals prepare to do battle for their lives. The hunters then proceed to prepare the instruments of destruction, consisting of large lances, resinous torches and nooses fixed to long poles.

The worst enemy of the deer is the jaguar and wildcat, and their animosity to them is such that they have been known to leap over a fence in order to attack either of these feline foes. The Indians, knowing this, employ it to great advantage during these hunts. The women stuff a number of jaguar and cat skins, which are placed in prominent positions on the edges of precipices in full view of the deer, says the Detroit Free Press. Immediately the bucks make a violent effort to get at them in order to hurl them into the abyss beneath, but are thus treated themselves by the wily hunters, who pitch them over the cliff, where they are quickly ham-strung or otherwise disabled by the women, who are stationed below. After the first onslaught on the stuffed figure the remaining deer seem to recognize the fact that they have been tricked, and huddle together, awaiting another attack.

Then the Indians throw lighted torches among them and a panic ensues. Very seldom is a deer killed, and if a single fawn is captured it is immediately liberated. The flesh is eaten by the Indians and also carried to the villages to be sold, while the skins are either purchased by dealers or made up into various articles by those who assisted in their capture.

Chance for a Speculation.

Now don't all run at once for your wallets and check-books. It isn't corner lots in Chicago, Minneapolis, Kansas City, or the "Future Great." It isn't options on wheat, corn, pork or lard, nor "puts" or "calls" on Northwestern's or Southwestern's, nor yet is it gas, oil, telegraph or telephone stock. It is better than any or all of these. It is a deposit in the Bank of Health, which every one can make by the purchase and use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets in all cases of chronic constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, "liver complaint," and the like. Sold the world over.

Weekly Excursions to the Delta.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad company will sell round trip excursion tickets at a fare and a third on Fridays and Saturdays, from May 28 until September 30. These tickets will hold good to return until Monday following date of sale.

FEMININE FANCIES.

Miss Kate Field acknowledges herself a hero worshiper, like all women, as she says, adding, "If they were not, what would become of the men?"

Miss Octavia Hill buys up a lot of London shanties every year, improves and cleanses them and lets them to pious tenants. This is her ideal of practical reform.

Mrs. Elizabeth Custer is always the center of attraction at "leaves" and other social gatherings. She has a very gracious manner, and says just the right thing to everybody.

Mrs. Margaret Welch, the widow of Philip Welch, the humorist, who died about two years ago, is a modest little lady, who, left with four sturdy children dependent on her, is making a marked success in journalism.

Miss Mary Breckinridge, daughter of Congressman Breckinridge, of Kentucky, is not satisfied with being a social belle at the capital, and has begun the study of law in her father's office. Miss Breckinridge is pretty and popular.

The London "lady florists," Mrs. Arthur Wellesley and Mrs. Herbert Smith, were employed to decorate Lord Beaconsfield's statue for the celebration of the founding of the Primrose league. The decorations were said to be particularly successful.

Mrs. Sully Latham, of Royalton, Vt., is well toward one hundred years of age. She uses but little tea and no milk, and eats freely of fresh meat and vegetables. She never has a headache or cold, and is free from the ills that people of her age are usually heir to.

Although Mrs. Wanamaker has a substitute as teacher of her Philadelphia Sunday school class (which numbers 150 members) during her absence in Washington, she keeps track of her scholars, corresponds with some of them, and remembers them on special occasions of joy or sorrow.

Happy Hoosters.

William Timmons, postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from kidney and liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best kidney and liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease of life. Only 50 cents a bottle. At W. T. Sherer & Co.'s drug store.

It is said that the Princess Clotilde, widow of the late Prince Napoleon, is one of the bravest women known. In 1870, when all the members of the imperial family fled, she wrote to her father: "I ought not to leave, still less to run away. It is not for nothing that one has the honor to belong to the house of Savoy, and it is not fitting for me to leave Paris."

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition: If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at W. T. Sherer & Co.'s drug store. Large size 50 cents and \$1.

MADAM GOSSIP SAYS.

Bishop Bowman, of St. Louis, denounces progressive eulogie as "progressive damnation."

The latest figures on the debts of the city of St. Louis place the aggregate at \$1,700,000.

Catarrh Can't Be Cured.

with local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you have to take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is no quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., proprietors, Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Salamanca and friends, according to Herr Schultz, a German naturalist, not only have mucus glands all over their skins, but certain poison glands on parts of the back and limbs and behind the ears. These glands form a protective function, and emit a corrosive juice, which can be detected with copper-hamatocystin. In the salamander the poison is squirted out on stimulation, but in the toad it slowly exudes.

S. JACOBS OIL THE BEST.

Rheumatism. Neuralgia.
N. Ogden, Mich., May 17, 1890.
"A half bottle of your valuable medicine, S. Jacobs Oil, cured me of rheumatism and neuralgia and found it a speedy, effective remedy."
J. M. L. PORTER, Mrs. AGNES KELLEY.
IT HAS NO EQUAL.

The only natural remedy known to science for removing hair from face, lips, chin and neck without injuring the skin. All questions answered and satisfaction guaranteed. \$1.00 per bottle. Address: LA DERMA CO., Box 554, Chicago, Ill.

We Have Just Received

From the Wm. Merrill Chemical Company the largest line of

CHEMICALS!

AND: PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS

Ever brought to this city. We intend to turn our attention almost exclusively to prescription work. The Merrill preparations are second to none as any physician will attest; they are

Fresh, of Uniform Strength and Reliable.

Don't forget to bring your prescription to No. 14 S. Main St. WM. KLIDBRIDGE, W. H. COLLING.

LOTS \$50 TO \$150.
\$10 CASH, \$1 WEEKLY OR \$4 MONTHLY.
We have just opened our new subdivision, called THE ORIGINAL TOWN OF GRIF-FITH, and have fixed the prices and terms so that the poorest man can buy lots 25 x 124 1/2 feet 10 foot alley for \$50 and upwards. Terms: 10 cash; balance \$1 per week, or \$4 per month. Don't miss this opportunity. (Can you save \$1 per week? Dollars will grow into lots, and lots will grow into fortunes. Economy is the builder of fortunes. Begin by buying a lot in Griffith, the coming GREAT MANUFACTURING SUBURB OF CHICAGO.
NOTE ITS ADVANTAGES.
Three Eastern Trunk Railways. Higher Elevation than Harvey.
The Outer Belt Railway. Nearer than Waukegan.
The Standard Oil Pipe Line. It is the Coming Point.
Lots Guaranteed to be High and Dry, or Money Refunded.
See what the Chicago dailies and real estate papers say of Griffith. Send for plans and tracts from the papers. We gladly mail them free. Write quickly. Don't be too late. Get plans.
JAY DWIGGINS & CO., 409 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., CHICAGO, ILL.
SALESMEN WANTED. \$50 A DAY is now being made by our salesmen. You can do it. Write for commissions to salesmen.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
Dr. G. C. OSOONO, Lowell, Mass.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ANCKER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confirm that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
Dr. J. F. KIRKLAND, Conway, Ark.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Phy., Boston, Mass.
The Centaur Company, 71 Murray Street, New York City.

COOLNESS
IN THE FAMILY, WILL SOON BE A GOOD THING TO HAVE, WHEN CAUSED BY THE
NEW PROCESS GURNEY REFRIGERATOR!
ENTIRELY NEW—NOTHING LIKE IT.
Wherever seen and used is the people's favorite. A New Challenge Refrigerator at Cost to close them out.

The New Success is Latest in Gasoline Stoves.
Lawn Hose and Reels, Ice Cream Freezers.
The oldest and best Tin and Iron Shop in the city. In prices we meet all legitimate competition.
GRISWOLD & SANBORN,
28 South Main Street.

Insurance and Real Estate!
At the Insurance and Real Estate office, Room 10, second floor in the Jackman block, is represented the old, strong,

Leading Insurance Companies!
of America and Europe. They can be truthfully be said to be TIME TRIED AND FIRE TESTED.
STEAM, BOILER AND TORNADO INSURANCE
a Specialty. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am, very respectfully,
SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

IT HAS NO EQUAL.
We Make this buggy with the Buchholz & Morris Patent Top, unless otherwise ordered. Manufactured by H. BUCHHOLZ & CO., Janesville, Wis.
PIANO BOX BUGGY, ON TORSION SEMI-ELLIPTIC "SHAW" SPRING.
A buggy with these Springs, when hung up, has the appearance of a Light Elliptic Spring job, (as shown above) without Spring Bars or Body Loops. Easy riding, light and graceful in appearance.
YOU will get by investing in good Chicago property. Chicago's population has increased from 50,000 in 1850, to 1,100,000 in 1890. The next ten years will witness an even more wonderful growth, and a corresponding increase in value of the property. Lots bought a year ago for \$40, are now selling for \$900 and more. (Grand) P. A. R. L. lots will ever do better, because Austin Park is one of the most beautiful suburbs around Chicago; only 7 miles from Court House. 5 dwellings and several built and street graded. Buildings going up in all directions. Lots near two depots and electric railroad. Grant Locomotive Works, employ an army of workmen, near by. Lots from \$500 up. Title perfect. Terms: Small payment up, balance to suit. Come to Chicago and we will pay your fare if you buy. Write to: plans.
BASS, KESSLER, ENNES, & CO., 108 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

YOU READ THIS?
SO ALSO DO THOUSANDS OF OTHER PEOPLE.
SUPPOSE THIS WAS YOUR ADVERTISEMENT?

NEGLIGE SHIRTS.

We have secured Jacob Miller's line for this season. This line is guaranteed to excel all others.

OUR FURNISHING GOODS

department was never so replete with handsome novelties as at present.

OUR FACILITIES

for serving you in the tailoring line are unsurpassed.

J. L. FORD.

Alaska Refrigerator!
DRY AIR—CHARCOAL FILLED.
The ALASKA produces better results with less ice than any other refrigerator.
"F. & N." LAWN MOWER.
TASTEFUL AND FIRST-CLASS.
The lightest running and cheapest Lawn Mower in the market. Also the
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA, NEW QUAKER CITY
Lawn Mowers. Best in the world! New process and reliable process
GASOLINE STOVES!

Call and see us before buying. We will meet any competition. Prices made to suit our customers.
Hanchett & Sheldon.

The McCormick Land Association
LEANDER H. MCCORMICK, Trustee.
A syndicate is now being formed for the purpose of handling and improving 60 acres of property in McCormick's Subdivision of Hinsdale.
CAPITAL \$150,000. SYNDICATE SHARES, \$1,000 EACH.
Payable, cash
Sept. 1, 1891, - - - - - \$350
Jan. 1, 1892, - - - - - 200
June 1, 1892, - - - - - 250
Total, - - - - - \$800
The \$150,000 includes \$50,000 cash to be expended in improvements, \$25,000 per acre, being paid for the land.

LOCATION OF THE PROPERTY.
Within 100 rods of the depot in the most beautiful part of Hinsdale; 10 miles from Chicago city limits on C. & N. W. R. R.; 125 trains daily; time, 33 minutes; commutation fare, 11 cents; 175 feet above the level of the lake; highest ground between Lake Michigan and the Mississippi River; beautiful scenery and superb natural advantages. Five churches—two saloons—two public schools—high school. Higher class of improvements to be put in than in any other suburb around Chicago. Artificial lake covering 10 acres. General park improvements, flower beds, vineyard drives, large trees, etc. Finest street improvements, sewers, water, paving, stone sidewalks, etc.
The purchaser of a share in this syndicate will receive 1/100th of the profits realized on the entire 60 acres, which is equivalent to receiving all of the profits on 100 feet frontage, equal to 4 lots. So the investor in the syndicate comes in on the basis of \$8.00 per front foot for the land and \$20.00 per front foot to be spent on improvements.
The first lots put on the market will be sold at \$25.00 per front foot, with every prospect of later sales being made at a much better figure, as other property in Hinsdale, farther from the depot than some of this, is now selling at \$3.00 and more per front foot, without any street improvements. For further information communicate with
LEANDER H. MCCORMICK,
Rooms 64 and 65, Illinois Bank Building, 115 Dearborn St., Chicago.

HARVEY Chicago's Great Manufacturing Temperance Suburb.
TWO MILES SOUTH OF CHICAGO CITY LIMITS
Eight Large Manufacturers Located in 8 months
LOTS \$100.00 AND UPWARDS On long time. Invest your savings, so Write for map of Chicago, showing location of Harvey and where you may double in one year or less. Views of the principal factories and buildings at Harvey, plat of town and price list.
THE HARVEY LAND ASSOCIATION, 619 to 625 Bookery, Chicago, Ill.

Chicago Lots For Sale.

Why not buy a lot at

BELLEWOOD

with GRADED STREETS,
CLEVELAND STONE SIDEWALKS
AND FINE CATALPA TREES, for

\$175.00, on payments of

\$7 DOWN AND \$7 PER MONTH.

Within 750 feet of

BELLEWOOD STATION.
(C. & N. W. & K. C. RY.)

Bellewood is located 5 1/2 miles West of the City limits of Chicago.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL & KANSAS CITY RY.

and the

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RY.

and has

1 1/2 mile South frontage on Madison Street.

VARIOUS MANUFACTORIES

are near Bellewood, assuring a prosperous and thriving future for this suburb.

With the Cleere & Frosio Electric Road now running nearly to Bellewood, think what an investment this is and

BUY TWO LOTS IMMEDIATELY!

I am selling BELLEWOOD lots adjoining the BELLEWOOD property with plank sidewalks instead of stone, for \$125 A PIECE, on payments of

\$5 DOWN AND \$5 PER MONTH.

Write for plans or call and you will be taken care to see the property free of expense to yourself.

BUTLER LOWRY

707 Tremont Building, Cor. LaSalle and Madison

St. Louis, Mo.

PILES, FISTULA, STRICTURE, IMPOTENCE, NERVOUS DEBILITY,

POSITIVELY CURED BY

Dr. Nickerson

404 S. State St., Chicago, Ill.

Macbeth's "pearl top" and

"pearl glass" lamp-chimneys

do not break from heat, not

one in a hundred; they break

from accidents.

They are made of clear

glass as well as tough, as

clear as crystal. They fit the

lamps they are made for.

Shape controls the draft; they

are shaped right. Draft con-

tributes to proper combustion;

that makes light; they im-

prove the light of a lamp.

But they cost a dealer three

times as much as common

chimneys, and, as they do not

break, he is apt to be anxious

lest they stop his trade. Di-

minished sales and less profit

are not agreeable to him.

There are two sides to the

question. Have a talk with him.

Pittsburg, GEO. A. MACBETH & CO.

MANHOOD RESTORED.

"SANTALIVIO," the

Wonderful Spanish

Remedy, is sold with a

Written Guarantee to

cure all Nervous Dis-

eases, such as Weak

Memory, Loss of Brain

Power, Headache, In-

stability, Loss of Man-

hood, Nervousness, Las-

itude, all druggists and

Generators of the

Lancet, in either sex, caused

over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive

use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately

lead to Infertility, Consumption and Insanity. Put up

in convenient form to carry in the pocket. Price, 50

cents a package, or 50 cents. With every \$5.00 order we give

a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Send for

money. Send for money to any address. Circular free.

Mention this paper. Address,

MADRID CIGARETTE CO., Branch Office for U. S. A.,

306 West 10th Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

SOLE SALE FOR JANEVILLE, WIS., BY

F. B. HERNIMAN, New York Drug Store,

Franklin Street, Druggist, 101 Milwaukee St.

HOW TO BE A HERO.

Thousands Witness the Unveiling of a Statue to Grant.

IT OCCURS AT GALENA, HIS OLD HOME.

A Stirring Eulogy of the Famous General Delivered by Hon. Chauncey M. Depew - The Other Exercises.

GRANT I. BRONZE.

GALENA, Ill., June 4.—Thirty thousand people thronged the streets of Galena Wednesday, having assembled to witness the unveiling of the bronze statue of Gen. Grant presented to the old home of the Appomattox.

The exercises attending the unveiling were held at 2 o'clock, up to which time trains from all directions rattled in, bringing visitors by hundreds from all points within a radius of 100 miles.

The street parade was one of the features of the day. It formed at 2 o'clock, Company 1 of the Illinois national guard and the Fifteenth Regiment, headed by Major Sherman, heading the procession, which was under command of Maj. George A. Avery and seven aides. The column was fully a mile in length, 4,000 men.

The statue of Gen. Grant, which was unveiled at 2 o'clock, was a full-length statue of the general in full uniform, standing on a pedestal of granite.

The statue was unveiled by the firing of a salute from the guns of the national guard and the Fifteenth Regiment.

The unveiling of the statue was a most impressive and stirring scene, and the people of Galena and the surrounding country were proud to witness it.

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lar with politicians and their methods. The spoils system, which has not ceased, nearly wrecked his first administration. His mistakes were due to a quality which is the noblest of human virtues, loyalty to friends. On great questions affecting the honor and credit of the nation he was always sound and emphatic.

A people rapidly developing their material resources are subject to frequent financial conditions which cause stringency of money and commercial disaster. To secure quick returns debts are recklessly incurred, and debt becomes the author of a currency crisis. President Grant set the whole nation on a course of economy and frugality. He was the author of a currency crisis. The funding of our war debt at a lower rate of interest made possible the magnificent achievement of the reconstruction of the last of the rebel states into the union and universal amnesty for political offenses.

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RAISED A ROW.

HORN WANTS HIS PAY

Curious Point of Law Raised by the Claim.

CAN AN ALDERMAN DRAW A SALARY?

"The Matter to be Decided in Court Unless the Common Council Pays." Declares the Ex-Representative From The Fourth Ward.

A suit against the city is promised if the bill presented to the common council by ex-Alderman Charles Horn is not allowed. The bill raises several points in municipal law, and, if allowed, will effectually set aside charter provisions prohibiting an alderman from holding a salaried office under the city.

Ex-Alderman Horn is no "tenderfoot." As an alderman, and as an officer in the fire department, previous to his entering the common council, he was enthusiastic and efficient.

He Held Two Offices.

In April, 1887, Mr. Horn was elected alderman for the fourth ward, and at the same time he held the office of first assistant engineer of the fire department. In order to qualify as alderman he had to resign his office in the fire department, which he did by handing his resignation to the chief engineer, under the direction of the mayor, Hon. John Winans, who was consulted.

This resignation was duly forwarded to the common council, and on April 16, 1887, the journal of the council shows that the resignation was read and accepted. This would naturally seem to dispose of Engineer Horn as effectually as if he had died.

Still "Kian Wid de Masheen."

Alderman Horn took his seat in the council, was appointed a member of the committee on fire department, but continued to run to all fires, and the common council neglected to call a meeting of the fire department to fill the vacancy. Alderman Horn at first claimed that he was elected engineer for one year or until his successor was elected and qualified, he had a right to act, although he had been informed he could not act any more than a private citizen, as his resignation had taken away his authority. He continued to run to fires and perform service for nearly or quite a year.

Claims Pay is Due Him.

After the lapse of four years he has sent the following bill to the council with a demand for payment. The bill reads:

City of Janesville, to Chas. Horn, Jr., engineer, April, 1887, to 1888.....\$75.00

The bill was handed to chief Blunk for endorsement, who, under

advice City Attorney Doe, did not. Now, the question is, Was the resignation of force, and did it relieve Alderman Horn of authority as an officer in the fire department? If it did not, he is entitled to his pay, as the chief certifies the service was rendered. If his resignation did relieve him of responsibility as an officer, could he render the service? In other words, what force is there in a resignation, duly presented and accepted, until the office thus vacated is filled?

A PARTIAL ECLIPSE SATURDAY.

The Sun and the Moon to Join Issues on that Day.

Janesville people will see a portion of the ring-shaped eclipse of the sun which occurs on the morning of Saturday, June 6. Unfortunately the central phase of the eclipse are visible only in Siberia and the region about the north pole. As seen from the United States it will be visible only as a small partial eclipse, and in the states south of the Ohio river it will be entirely invisible. As seen in Janesville, eclipse begins at 8:56 a. m., and ends at 9:56 a. m.

In order to observe the exact beginning of the eclipse, it is necessary to know in advance the point on the sun's circumference at which the advancing edge of the moon first becomes visible. The point lies very near but a little to the left of the top point of the sun's circumference, at the point nearest the zenith.

The scientific value of such an eclipse, in which on the line of central eclipse the moon is seen projected against but not completely covering the sun, is very much less than that of a total eclipse, and so far as known no scientific expeditions have been sent out to observe it.

SENATOR SAWYER.

His Connection with the State Treasury Interest Suits.

Colonel Fred Horn, in the Cedarburg News. Senator Sawyer, who according to the Milwaukee Journal is now a fugitive from justice, to judge from the repeated articles in that paper, charging him with trying to evade a summons in the suit against ex-Treasurer Harshaw, is quietly sojourning for his health in the south. He does not seem to be troubled much about the matter, if at all. We will venture to say that if the state ever gets a judgment against Colonel Harshaw, Senator Sawyer, as one of his sureties, would pay every cent which the colonel would be unable to pay, without suit being instituted against him.

We don't think it fair to have an old and esteemed citizen, whose greatest fault is to be a republican, paraded as a fugitive from justice. If intended as a joke, it is a poor one, and if in earnest, it might be better left to the effect of a libel suit. The democratic party does not gain anything by the publication of such articles; it will make some people believe their suits are nothing but a bluff.

FIGHTING CLIFFORD'S PARDON.

Renewing the Old Contest—Papers in Circulation.

The friends of the late Captain Pugh, of Racine, are circulating petitions asking Governor Peck to refuse a pardon to Hartley Clifford, who shot and killed Pugh in a quarrel in 1888. They are being extensively signed.

The petition against the pardon urges that the trial of Clifford took place at a time so long subsequent to the murder, and in a county so far distant from the scene thereof as to insure its perfect freedom from prejudice. On that trial he was assisted in his defense by very distinguished and able counsel; the trial was fair and impartial; he was, as one of the jury, convicted of the murder in the first degree, and the supreme court by a unanimous opinion has declared the verdict to be fully warranted by the evidence, and has affirmed the judgment and sentence of the circuit court.

MORE PAY FOR MESSENGERS.

American Express Employees Given a Substantial Increase Without Warning.

American Express Company messengers are happy. The company has notified them that on June 1st their salaries were raised five to fifty dollars a month, according to rank.

The minimum salaries are now \$55 a month and the maximum \$95. The increase was made without any demand from the messengers, and therefore it is all the more appreciated.

REWARD OF \$50 FOR MRS. WOOD.

The Report That the Body Was Found in the River Denied.

The report that Mrs. C. H. Wood had been found in the river near Rockford proved unfounded. Mr. Wood now offers a reward of \$50 for the recovery, alive or dead, of his wife, who is missing.

Communicated to Marshal North, of Beloit, or C. H. Wood, Roscoe, Illinois.

SAW THE GRANT MONUMENT.

W. T. Vankirk Among Those Who Witnessed the Galena Ceremonies.

Alderman W. T. Vankirk attended the unveiling of the Grant statue at Galena yesterday, and reports an immense crowd of people present. Returning last evening a washout on the Pecatonica compelled the train to remain at Rockford all night, he not reaching home until this morning.

SUPT. BLUNK LOSES A HORSE.

Postmortem Held to Discover the Cause of Death.

SUPERINTENDENT BLUNK, of the street railway has just lost a valuable horse, the animal dying very suddenly and mysteriously.

A post-mortem examination held last evening resulted in finding a ruptured stomach. The horse had the colic, and no doubt the stomach was ruptured by gas accumulating while sick.

Pearl Heylin Laid To Rest.

Pearl Hazel, the two-months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Willis J. Heylin, 108 Caroline street, was buried in Oak Hill cemetery this afternoon, funeral services being held at the home at 2 o'clock by Rev. A. H. Barrington, of Christ church. The little one died Wednesday afternoon, being afflicted with measles and inflammation of the lungs.

TOLD IN TWO LINES

WILL DAVIS—nine-pound boy.

OTHER local matter on first page.

A new open car for the street railway is expected to-night.

One of the Rock river "floaters" last night was the body of a colt.

Less than half the pupils in the public schools are in attendance.

A TELEPHONE line runs to the Park hotel, and the number is 134.

SMITH & Gateley announce the June price for coal delivered at \$6.75 a ton.

THERE is likely to be no theatrical attraction at the Myers during race week.

J. J. R. FRASE is moving his large tobacco shed on Hyatt street to his farm on the Evansville road.

FRANK DESHON will not make Janesville people laugh until October. He was unable to give Myers Brothers a July date.

A MILD case of scarletina is reported in the family of Louis Knipp, corner of Mineral Point avenue and Pearl street.

Mr. and Mrs. George P. Bowles, of Dell Rapids, South Dakota, are in the city the guest of their son, Postmaster C. E. Bowles.

JANESVILLE Chapter No. 5, Royal Arch Masons, assemble in regular semi-monthly convocation this evening at Masonic hall.

CUT worms are causing damage in some parts of the county. When they are away the chinch bug tries to hold up his end.

A big ten-wheel freight engine went through an open switch in the North-western yards early this morning. No damage was done.

JOSEPH HOBENSCHEL, who died in the town of Plymouth Tuesday, aged eighty-six years, was grandfather to thirty-six children and great-grandfather to twenty-six.

J. E. FERRIERIA, the freight solicitor, has returned and is ready to resume his work after a five weeks' vacation, during which time he visited interesting points in Mexico.

THE Chautauqua Circle will meet next Monday evening. Every member of the circle is asked to be present with May and June Chautauquans.

The quotations will be "Pithy Sayings" from French Authors.

Four hundred people in various parts of town swore that a bolt of lightning struck almost at their feet at 5:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon. But really it was clear out by the school for the Blind, and shattered a big oak tree.

WATER color goods and all kinds of artist's materials at E. J. Kent & Co's.

THE Pleasure club will give the first of a series of parties at Burr Springs next Tuesday evening. All are invited, and a good time is guaranteed.

Tuckwood's orchestra will furnish the music. Tickets to dance and a pleasant ride on the Mayflower all for fifty cents. The boat leaves at 8 o'clock.

A HANDSOME photograph gallery, owned by Glaser's photography gallery.

THE best precaution you can take against diphtheria, scarlet fever, and other contagious diseases, is to procure a bottle of "Anti-Contagion," and use faithfully, according to directions. It has the following advantages: Simple to use, cheap, non-poisonous and the unequalled inducement of sanitary boards and leading pharmacians. For sale by Stearns & Baker.

COMBINATION gas and electric light fixtures at H. E. Merrill & Co's. Call and see samples.

THE report that Dr. W. H. Judd took his little son Starr with him when he went to visit a diphtheria patient, is one that does the doctor great injustice. As his friends know he was riding with the little boy when he was called unexpectedly to the Bergman home, the first of the family having just been taken ill. When the doctor started out he had no idea that he would attend a diphtheria patient before he could return.

THE cheapest place in the city to buy ivory is E. J. Kent & Co's.

Excursion, Janesville to Chicago Thursday, June 11. Round trip \$2.75.

COMBINATION gas and electric light fixtures at H. E. Merrill & Co's. Call and see samples.

MONEY spent for adhesive plasters can be charged to payment of a back tax.

THE STREET CUT OUT

Nearly \$1500 Damage Done at the Mole Culvert.

CARS TO THE CEMETERY STOPPED.

Only a Narrow Passage Way Left. Thousands of Loads of Earth Having Been Washed Away by Tuesday Night's Storm—Big Hole on Beloit Road.

The First ward will be compelled to spend from twelve to fifteen hundred dollars before the cemetery road, near the Mole farm, will be safe for public travel.

Tuesday night's rain storm completely wrecked the culvert at that point, washing out thousands of loads of earth, moving great flag stones weighing tons, and undermining the whole foundation of heavy masonry forming the culvert which crosses the street.

The washout extends into the street to within a few feet of the street railway track, making it unsafe for cars to move over. There is a narrow passage way remaining for vehicles on the extreme west side of the street, but this, too, is likely to give way and fall into the deep gulch on the south side.

Took Out the Big Tree.

A large oak tree standing a few feet north of the culvert was taken out by the roots, and now lies in the deep hole close to the wrecked culvert.

Street Commissioner Hanthorn visited the wreck this morning, and said it would require the expenditure of a large sum of money to restore the culvert.

"It can't be done for less than one thousand dollars," said he, "and I would not be surprised if it cost fifteen hundred dollars." The commissioner has constructed a fence around the break, completely blocking the street railway and preventing the passage of cars. The First ward aldermen are investigating the matter in order to determine what course to adopt in restoring the culvert. They will probably arrive at some definite plan in time to report to the council at the next meeting.

RAIN CRUSHED IN THE ROOF.

An Orfordville Store Flooded with Water. Big Hall Stones.

ORFORDVILLE, June 4.—Special—Hall stones as large as hens' eggs, fell in large quantities during Tuesday night's storm. Windows on the north side of buildings were demolished and it stripped trees, plants, etc., of their foliage, and entirely destroyed garden stuff. Seventy-eight lights of glass were broken from the windows of the Methodist church. The flat roof of Clemiston & Overstrud's brick building was broken in by the weight of the floods of water that fell, and water poured over all below. Lightning, as usual, played a part. A cow belonging to C. Gavey was struck; also one belonging to S. T. Green. H. C. Taylor is also reported to have lost a horse. It looks at the present time as though all kinds of fruit is entirely destroyed, and the gardens and corn fields look as though they had been rolled.

FLOODED THE FIVE POINTS.

A Fire Engine Called Out to Relieve the Pressure.

The little drain conveying the water from the Five Points, near the North-western freight depot, got clogged up, resulting in the flooding of many cellars in the neighborhood. The fire steamer was taken up to the Points last night, and efforts are being made to get rid of the surplus water.

MILTON HORSES KILLED.

Erastus Brown's Barn Destroyed by a Bolt of Lightning.

MILTON, June 3.—The large barn on the farm of Erastus Brown, two miles east of this village, was struck by lightning Tuesday evening and burned to the ground. The contents, including a span of horses were destroyed.

CATTLE KILLED IN NEWARK.

Four Cows Found Near a Barbed Wire Fence.

When E. H. Smith, a Newark farmer, went to his pasture to drive his cows up to be milked yesterday, he found four cows dead near a wire fence, all evidently having been killed by lightning.

FENCES DOWN BY THE MILE.

Farmers Complain That They Have no Place For Stock.

Farmers report that fences by the mile were blown down on Monday's storm. Several had no places to turn their cattle into, the fences being levelled.

Big Hole in the Beloit Road.

There is a big washout on the Beloit road near Mrs. Hughes' farm. The water washed a deep and dangerous hole down there which should be attended to at once. Street Commissioner Hanthorn says there are a number of small washouts in different parts of the city. In some cases drains became clogged and the water washed over cutting the streets badly in some cases. The commissioner has a large force at work repairing the damage as fast as possible.

Bradford Center Items.

BRADFORD CENTER, June 3.—The Y. P. S. C. E., of Emerald Grove, will meet with Bradford next Sunday evening. A very interesting meeting is expected.

Rev. Mr. Oganne has taken up his abode with M. C. Dykeman.

Ed. Gardner, of Janesville, spent Decoration day with Miss Nellie Monroe, at Fairfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Hipson, of Winfield, Iowa, are making their aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Levi Inman, a visit.

Miss Jessie Inman and little Archie, are spending a short time at her father's.

Fred Helmer comes out with a noby new carriage—brought all the way from Cincinnati.

Mr. Elijah and son John, are making his son at Pecatonica a visit.

Sunday school next Sunday at 10 o'clock. Rev. McGregor, superintendent.

The Lady or the Tiger?

Penelope—Oh, mamma, Jack didn't come home until 2 o'clock this morning, and I am sure he was flirting with some woman.

Her mamma—What makes you think so, dear?

Penelope—Because he kept saying in his sleep, "You are shy."

FORTY SHEEP DEAD IN A BUNCH.

Charles Belding, of La Prairie, Loses Heavily by the Storm.

Charles Belding's flock of sheep on his farm in La Prairie were almost wiped out by the big storm Wednesday. Belding went to the field and found forty-one of the sheep scattered along the wire fence dead. Presumably they had gathered at the fence and a bolt of lightning traversing the wires had killed them.

PRESSED BRICK FOR THE CHURCH

The Presbyterian Structure to be Even Handsomer Than Anticipated.

Enough money has been raised so that the Presbyterian church, instead of being built of common brick will be of pressed brick throughout. The first fund was raised to provide Menomonee brick, but members of the church made up their mind that they would prefer to pay the difference and have walls of the better material. So a pressed brick church [it will be, thanks to the energy of Rev. Dr. Brown]

WOOLEN MILLS IN NEW HANDS.

A Company Organized With Six Members and \$60,000 Capital Stock.

A. H. Sheldon, C. W. Jackson, C. S. Jackman, B. R. Eldredge, C. C. McLean and F. C. Cook are the new owners of the woolen mills. These gentlemen have organized The Janesville Woolen Mills, with a capital stock of \$60,000. The stock is divided in six hundred shares. Directors in the new company have been elected as follows: William Rager, B. R. Eldredge, C. S. Jackman, C. W. Jackson and F. C. Cook. Officers will be elected by this board.

"WILLOW GRANGE" PLAT FILED.

The New Carrington Addition Made a Substantial Reality.

"Willow Grange" is the latest and the "Burr Robbin's farm" as a designation for Janesville real estate has lost force. The plot for the new Carrington addition which includes the Robbins' house and property adjoining is now on file in the register's office. Willow Grange is the name of the new addition, which takes in the corner near the Spring Brook bridge, and includes much handsome residence property as well as several lots that are to be used for business purposes.

A WORD FOR DR. JUDD.

His Work in the Fourth Ward Worthy of All Praise.

EDITOR GAZETTE:—I am glad that the public begin to understand the facts regarding the sickness in Dr. Judd's family. Even when his own family were sick, he visited the Bergman family daily, other doctors having refused to take the case, although offered five dollars a day by the family doctor. He was constant in his attention until it became necessary that he should not leave his own family, and the facts in the case should be more generally known.

WANTS NO MORE OF AUGUSTUS.

Mrs. Clara Gates Makes a Strong Plea For Single Blessedness.

Papers have been filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for a change of venue in the case of Mrs. Clara Gates against Augustus Gates. The parties were married in Stoughton several years ago, and removed to the town of Turtle, in this county. The wife seeks divorce on the ground that her husband treated her brutally, and that he threatened to kill her, and indeed that he was under arrest on the charge of assault with intent to do great bodily harm. She was compelled, she alleges, to move away from him in order to protect herself from injury and insult at his hands. The case will, it is thought, be fought by the husband, who has considerable property in the town of Turtle. Assistant Attorney-General J. M. Clancy is attorney for the plaintiff.

STILL LOOKS RAINY.

"Old Prob" Has Peeped at the Sky and Says "Showers."

Forecast—Showers with stationary temperature.

The temperature as observed by E. B. Helmstedt during the last twenty-four hours was as follows:

A. M. Maximum..... 85

P. M. Minimum..... 42

Wind, northwest.

CHAT IN HOTEL LOBBIES.

S. J. Bonner of Milwaukee who sold hardware to Janesville merchants to-day has just returned from a trip over the Green Bay & Minnesota railroad. He says that the pastures in the northern part of the state look as if a fire had run over them, so dry are they. In one field rye was seen about six inches high and headed out. Mr. Bonner says there is no hay crop at all, and farmers are despondent.

"I have a sure cure for diphtheria that has been tried in my family for thirty years," said L. B. Chichester to a Gazette reporter this morning. "It never fails. Get five cents' worth of brewer's yeast; mix three or four teaspoonfuls with flour so as to make it stiff; put in a cloth and pin around the neck, changing every twenty minutes. Also mix four teaspoonfuls of yeast with a cup of hot water; add a little sugar, and give two teaspoonfuls every ten or fifteen minutes, for six hours. Then give every half hour until relieved. If given as directed, it will cure diphtheria nine times out of ten."

O. L. French, of Plainville, Dakota, spent last night in Janesville, preferring not to chance the washouts near Baraboo; he reports the recent rains have done an incalculable amount of good in his locality. "Ours is a barley-raising country," he said. The time was when we thought we couldn't make money unless we raised wheat, but we have found that it is more profitable to follow diversified farming. A great deal of small fruits are raised in our section. Some of the best horticulturists in the west live in the southeastern portion of the state. A great deal of grass and also stock are raised."

Sidewalks Have Rights—In Freeport.

By Mayor Niernman's order Freeport merchants are allowed only three feet of the walk on which to display their goods, and the ice men are not allowed to wash off their goods on the walks in the business section.

Henry Allen in Trouble Again.

Henry Allen, common drunk, was given sixty days on Sheriff Hogan's stone pile, he appearing in Judge Peterson's court this morning.

W. E. ALPORT AN HEIR

A Twenty Million Dollar Estate in the Courts.

WALL STREET PART OF THE PLUM.

The Lair of Bear and Bull Claimed by Descendants of Captain Edwards, a Seafaring Man, Who Was Lost On An African Voyage.

Not more than thirty or forty people in Janesville are heirs to \$20,000,000 estates.

Most mortals feel satisfied if their legacy runs up to three or four millions.

It is a plump twenty, however, that causes W. E. Alport to hold up his head. Attorneys are now investigating the matter in the interest of the Alport family and hope to have definite information soon.

The property in question is that of the Edwards estate. It includes a large tract in the very heart of New York city, and although \$20,000,000 seems like a large sum real estate experts insist that it is rather below than above the real price.

Where Land Sells by the Ounce.

The land lies in the part of New York city given up to banks and financial houses. It includes Wall street and several streets adjacent, where dirt is sold by the spoonful and where a "front foot" represents a very fair sized package of greenbacks.

The legal standing of the property is badly involved. The original owner was one of two brothers who secured title to acre tracts in the city during colonial days. One of them sold out his land piece by piece and died very wealthy. The other, a sea captain, put out for the African coast, after leasing his property for ninety-nine years.

A Lost Ship and Mystery.

On his return trip the ship is supposed to have been lost. Nothing was heard of captain or crew, although it was a year before anyone thought of being alarmed over them. The land remained in the hands of the leasees. It was sub-let by them and in after years was sold.

Not until lately have the Edwards' heirs made efforts to recover their property. There are nearly two hundred interested directly or remotely in the matter, and suit was begun by members of the family living in Buffalo. It was to learn as to the progress of this action that Mr. Alport's father, A. L. Alport, of Beloit, sent a representative to New York. Captain Edwards was Mr. Alport's great grand uncle.

Ladies.

A new department at The Leader. Misses Thibault & Montgomery, of Elkhart, Indiana, will have charge of dress making, and will please you. Give them a call. J. B. BENNETT & Co.

Picture Sale.

Call at Sutherland's book store and see the finest line of remark and artist proof etchings and steel engravings ever shown in the city. A new invoice direct from the publisher. Also a new line of mouldings suitable for framing etchings, all to be sold at the lowest prices.

For Sale.

At my house, 160 North Jackson and Ravine streets, a quantity of sugar cured hams and bacon at wholesale and retail. Also pure lard in five and ten pound cans; strictly anti-rotten. Business hours from 5:30 to 7 a. m. and 6:30 to 8 p. m. Will deliver to any part of the city.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The one who regrets he has to borrow. And regrets that borrowing gives him pain. Who promptly comes to him on the morrow. And regrets he must pay back again.

Imperial Quartette June 19.

New supply of ladies' and gent's pocket books and purses (very nice goods), at Sutherland's book store.

See T. J. Ziegler's ad on front page. Leading styles in new hats at T. J. Ziegler's.

Newest thing in collars at T. J. Ziegler's.

New stock of children's Jersey suits just received. Call on us ladies. T. J. Ziegler.

Ladies' Fast Black Hosiery